THE ABCs OF RARE COIN

1882-S

PCGS MS65

7140.65/35107919

TONING

BY DR. MIKE FULJENZ

All coins are not created equal – at least not in looks. We are always on the lookout for special coins due to their apparent coloration, or toning, also referred to by non-numismatists as tarnish. Original, beautifully toned coins exhibiting various vibrant colors are treasured by most collectors in all series. Toning is also considered a positive factor by graders at the leading professional grading services. Coins can become toned in several ways, such as when they come into contact with gases or materials when stored and become oxidized. Oxidation occurs when coins chemically react with oxygen, sulfur and other elements.

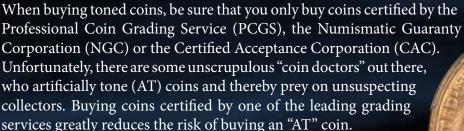
Often the most beautifully toned coins are silver coins, due to their lighter original "canvas" on which the colors appear, although gold, copper and nickel coins have been known to exhibit attractive toning. Silver toning shapes and patterns are determined by a number of factors.



Some Morgan dollars that spent time in original U.S. Mint canvas bags that contained sulfur developed silver sulfide textile toning patterns from resting against the bag. Some exhibited spectacular sunset colors, including vibrant reds, pinks, golds and blues. Some Morgans toned completely on one side and not the other, while others had crescent-shaped toning owing to another coin or two resting partially against the toned Morgan. obverse-toned coins, sometimes referred to as "monster-toned coins" including Morgans, are typically worth more than coins where the toning is only on the reverse side. Peace dollars are rarely found with similar attractive toning. This is a bit of a numismatic mystery.

Some coins, including Morgan dollars, were attractively toned due to being the end coin in a 20-coin paper roll used to store them. Others toned from being part of gift cards distributed by banks in the 1950s and 1960s. Many coins developed toning from being stored in various collector albums, often toning around the periphery that was nearest the cardboard. Coins stored in cardboard 2x2 holders could tone similarly but beware of black lines on coins stored in these 2x2 holders, often caused by owners wrapping multiple coins with a sulfur-laden rubber band. U.S. Commemorative silver half-dollars, many of which were sold in the 1930s, were distributed in cardboar with 3-, 5- or 6-coin slots that included a paper strip/tab des

which were sold in the 1930s, were distributed in cardboard holders with 3-, 5- or 6-coin slots that included a paper strip/tab designed to secure the coins. Obverse and reverse areas not touching the strip or holder were often toned, sometimes exhibiting spectacular sunset colors. Additionally, beautiful coloration and toning can sometimes be found on 1940s and 1950s coins that were removed from U.S. Mint sets utilizing cardboard and paper packaging as holders. Collectors prefer toned coins with light to medium (not dark) toning with luster shining through, although some peripheral rim darkness is acceptable. The side of the coin touching the paper backing typically was toned across its entire surface.



When we buy a toned coin for our customers, we make sure that it is attractive for the numerical grade assigned to it, and that the toning is authentic and consistent with other similar coins we have seen. We do not recommend paying large premiums for "monstertoned" coins but paying a modest premium is often appropriate. For more information on toned coins, reach out to our professional representatives as they are available to assist you with these coveted rarities. Please call us today!



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